



# Security & Privacy

In Web apps, Mobile apps & the Cloud

**Victor Sawma** . *co-founder* . *cto*



## 1. Privacy Defined

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## 2. Privacy Does Matter

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## 3. The Battle

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## 4. Privacy in Web Apps

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## 5. Privacy in Mobile Apps

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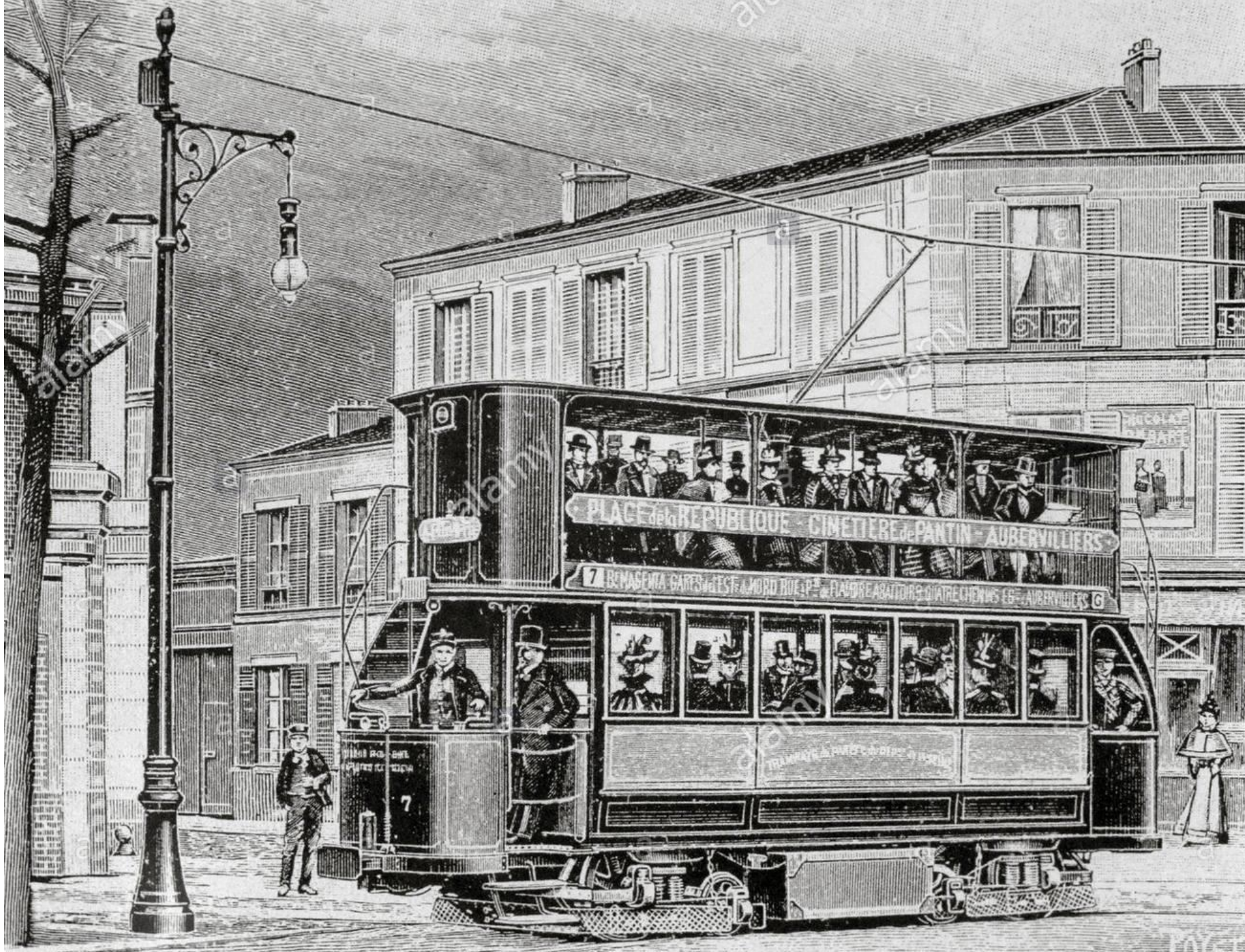
## 6. Privacy in the Cloud

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## 7. Conclusion

**Privacy Defined**







gettyimages®  
Universal History Archive

630042762

**Almost ZERO Privacy existed**





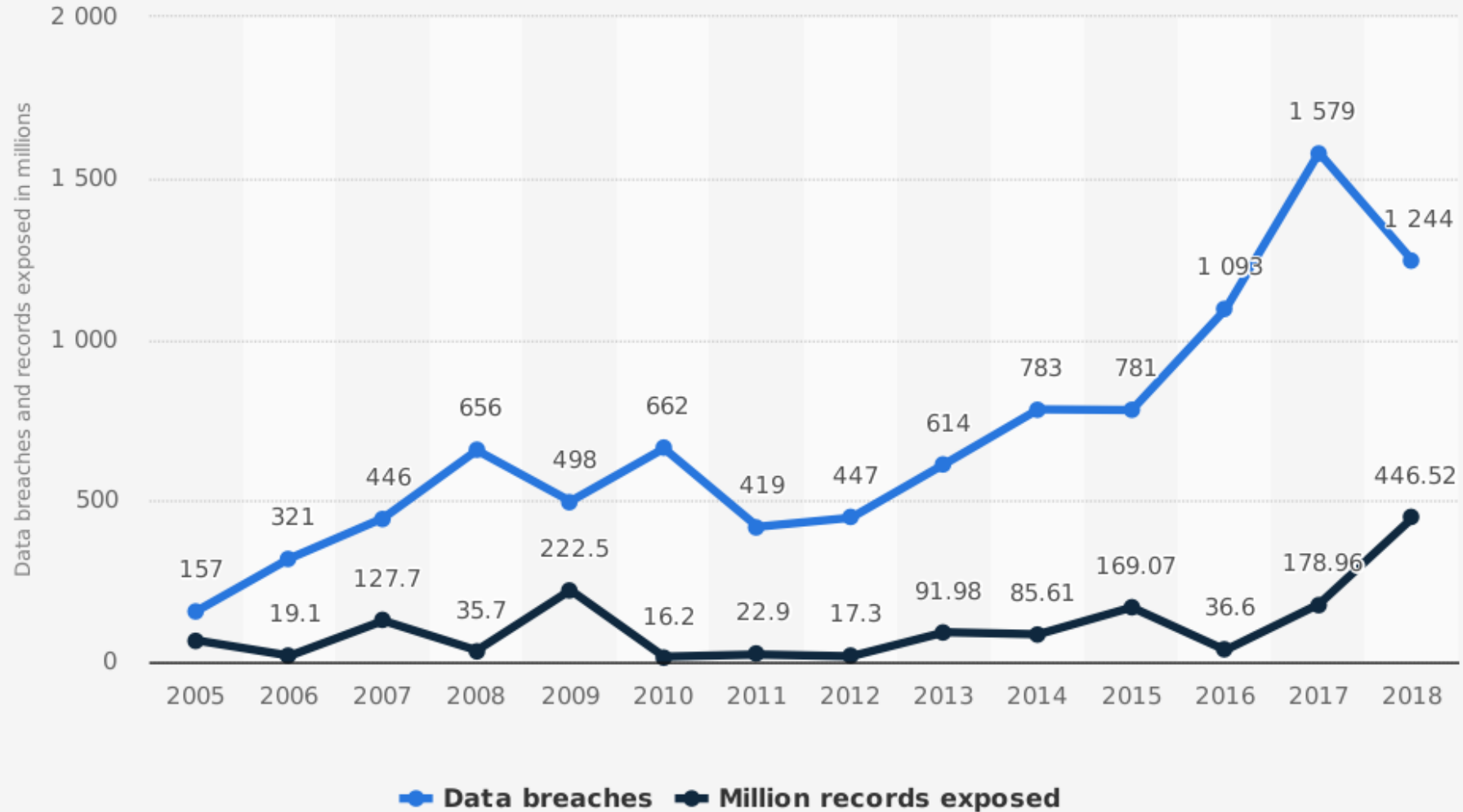
***How can one get a fresh start?***

*“a state in which **one** is not **observed** or **disturbed** by other people”*

*“the state of being **free** from **public attention**”*

**Privacy Does Matter**

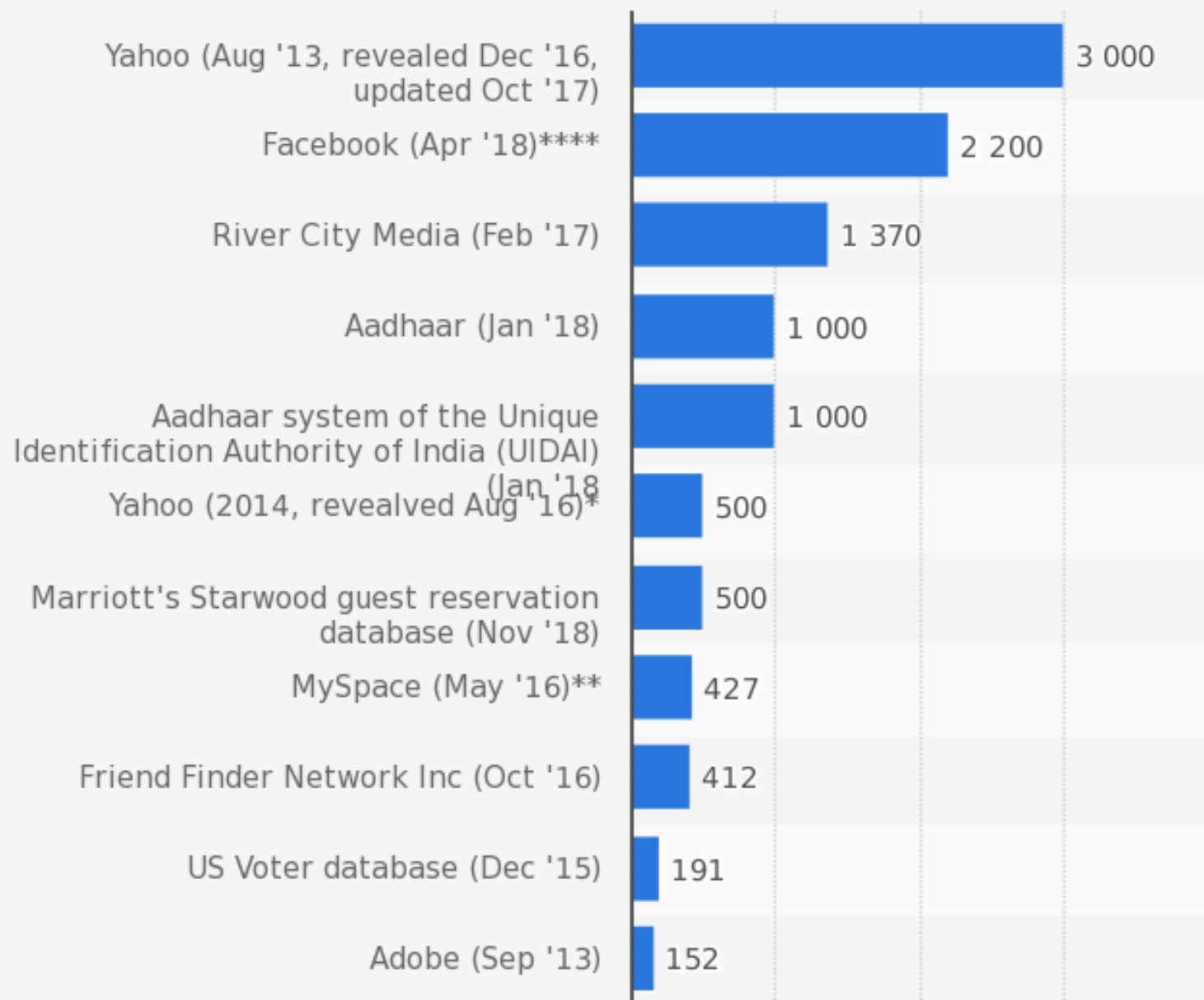
## Annual number of data breaches and exposed records in the United States from 2005 to 2018 (in millions)



Source  
Identity Theft Resource Center  
© Statista 2019

Additional Information:  
United States; Identity Theft Resource Center; 2005 to 2018

# Number of compromised data records in selected data breaches as of November 2018 (in millions)



## Number of U.S. data breaches 2014-2018, by industry

	Business	Medical/Healthcare	Banking/Credit/Financial	Government/Military	Educational
<b>2014</b>	258	333	43	92	57
<b>2015</b>	312	277	71	63	58
<b>2016</b>	495	376	52	72	98
<b>2017</b>	870	374	134	74	127
<b>2018</b>	571	363	135	99	76

# DATA BREACH STATISTICS

DATA RECORDS LOST OR STOLEN SINCE 2013

14,717,618,286

ONLY 4% of breaches were "Secure Breaches" where encryption was used and the stolen data was rendered useless.

DATA RECORDS ARE LOST OR STOLEN AT THE FOLLOWING FREQUENCY



EVERY DAY

6,360,250

Records



EVERY HOUR

265,010

Records



EVERY MINUTE

4,417

Records



EVERY SECOND

74

Records

The average total cost  
of a data breach is

**\$3.86 MILLION**



The average cost per  
lost or stolen record in a  
data breach is

**\$148**



**Yahoo** holds the record for  
**largest data breach ever** with

**3 BILLION**

compromised accounts





**39 SECONDS**  
is how often a cyber  
attack occurs



**22%**  
of data breaches involved the  
use of stolen credentials

The cost of lost business after  
a breach for US organizations is

**\$4.2 MILLION**

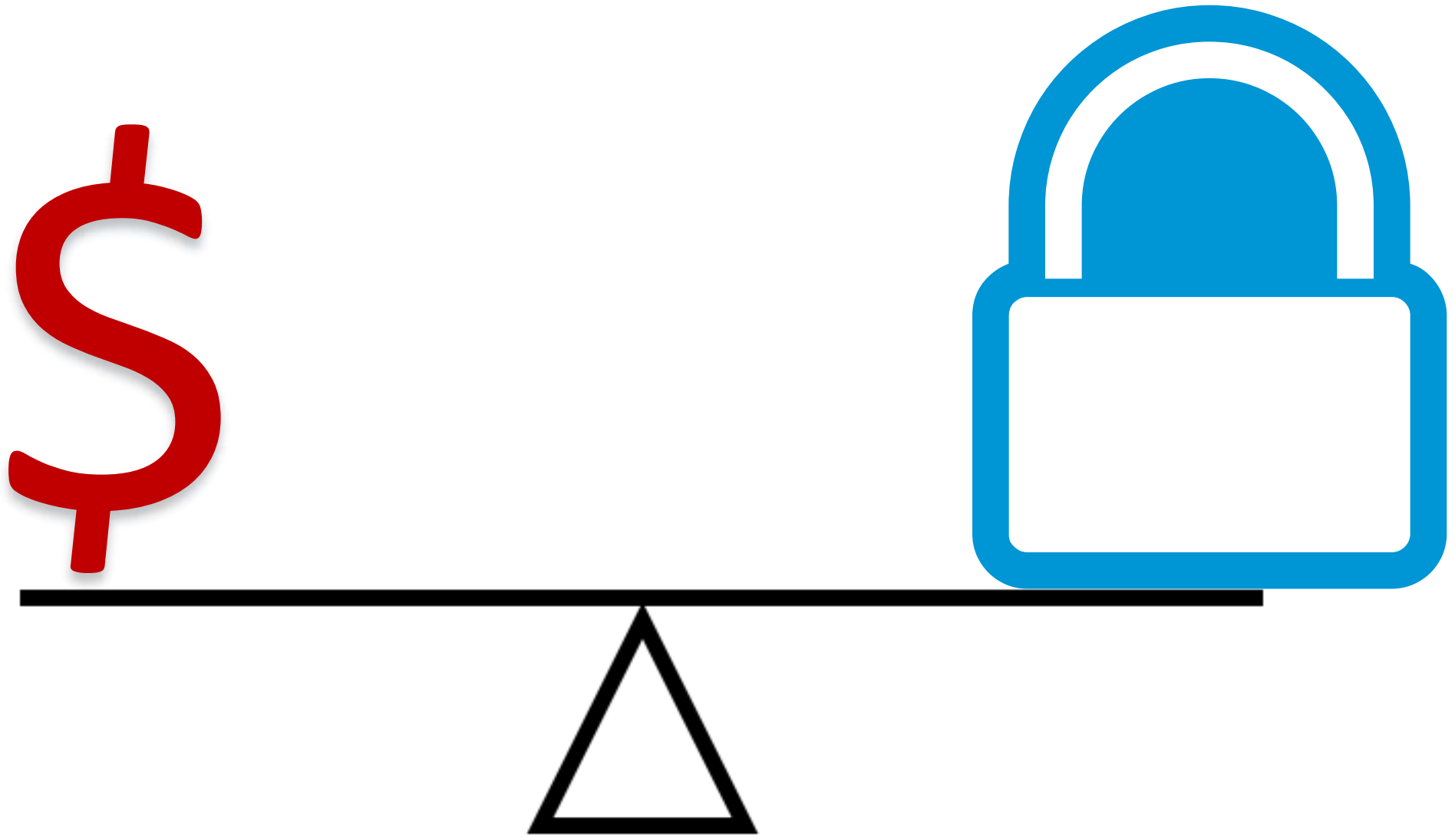


*“22% of data breached in 2017 involved stolen credentials (Verizon)”*

*“36% of compromised data was personal info like name, birthday, and gender (Verizon)”*

*“27% of breaches caused by human error (IBM)”*

# The Battle



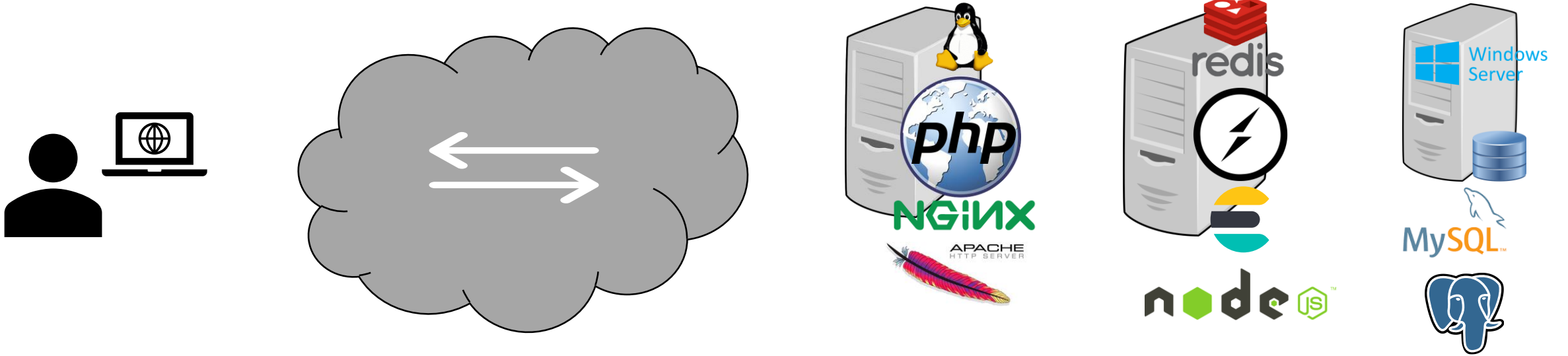


B2C / C2C  
Profiling  
Marketing  
Advertising

Android  
Mozilla  
GDPR  
FB Hearings

# Privacy in Web Apps

# A Typical Web Environment



*Privacy by Design*

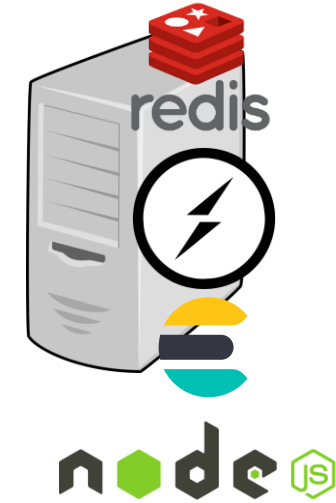
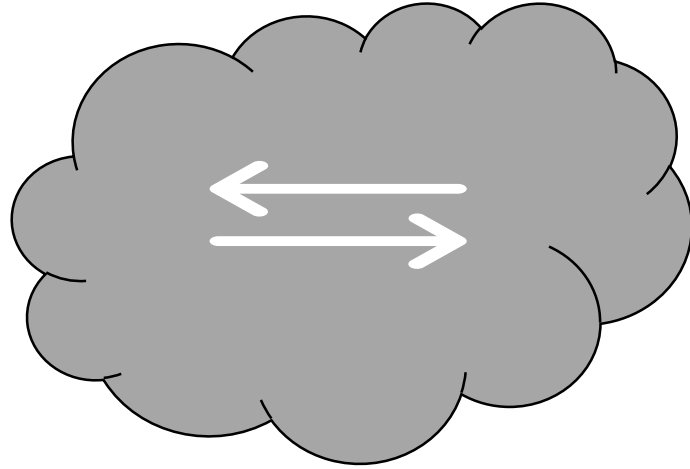
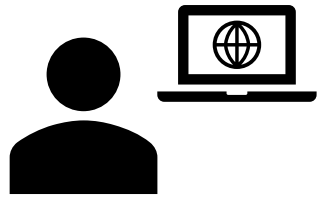
*Ask for Explicit Consent*

*The Right to Be Forgotten*

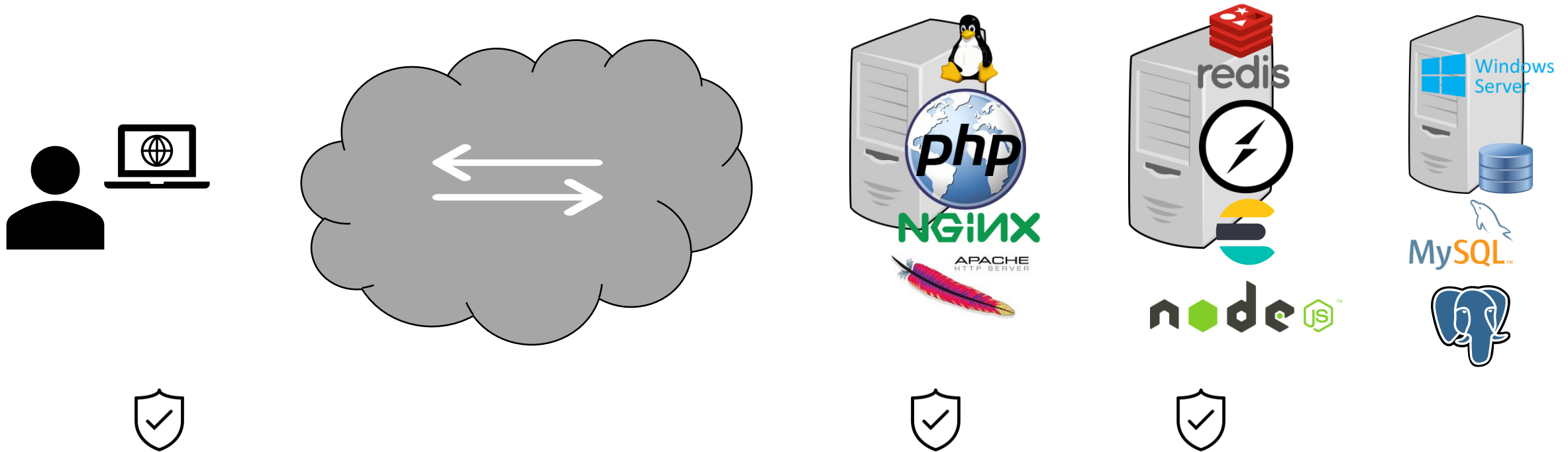
*Providing Visibility and Transparency*



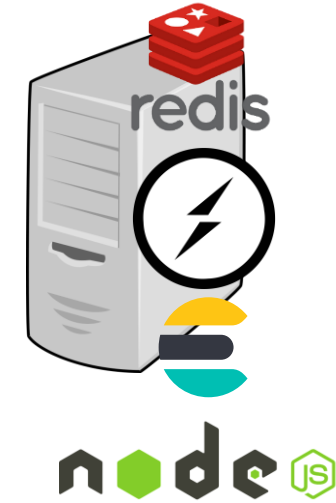
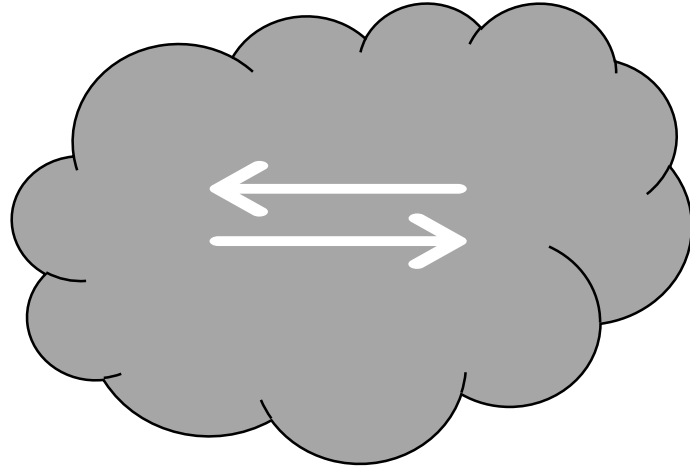
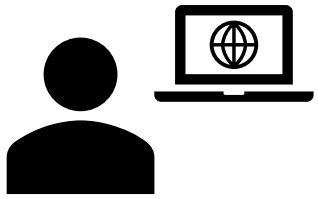
“Determine whether the web app *really needs* all the requested *personal data*”



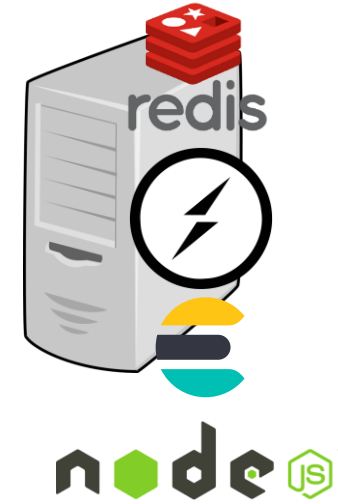
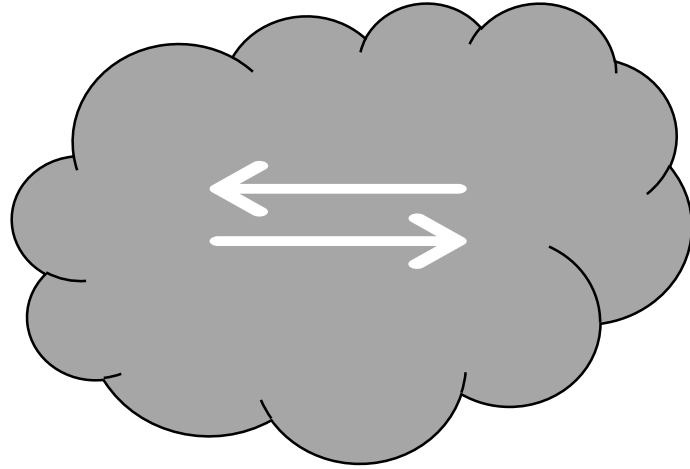
“Make sure *sessions and cookies expire* and are *destroyed* after logout”



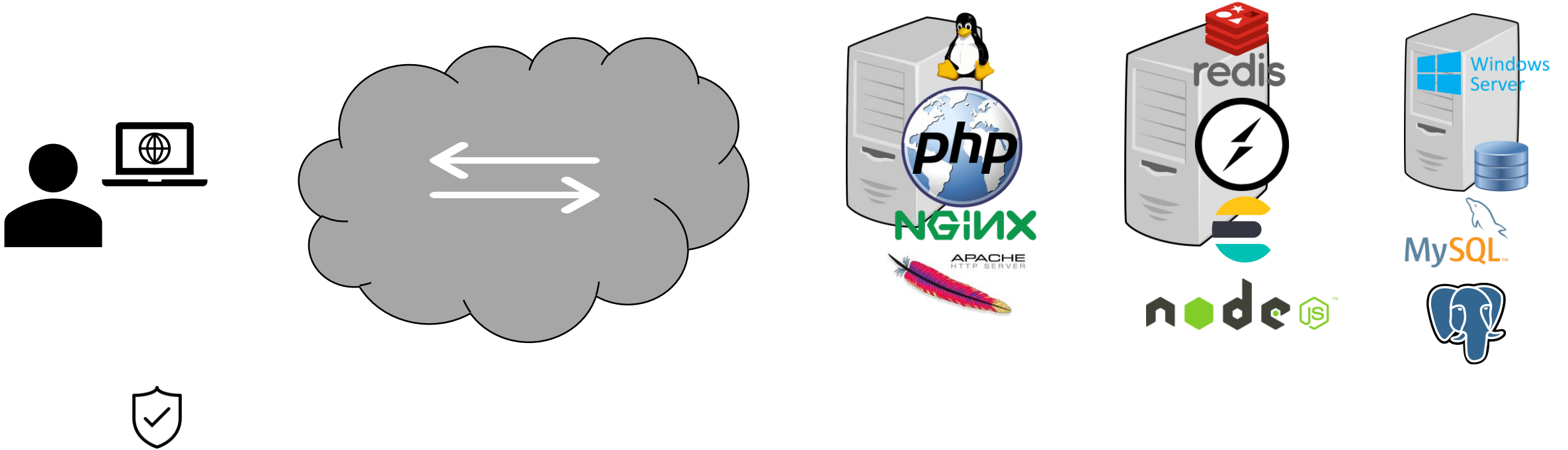
*“Do not track user activity without their explicit approval / opt-in”*



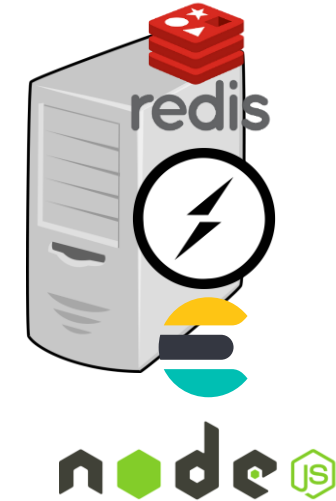
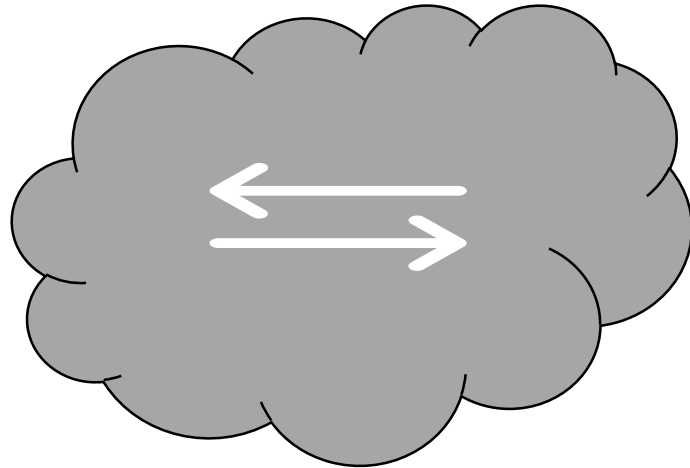
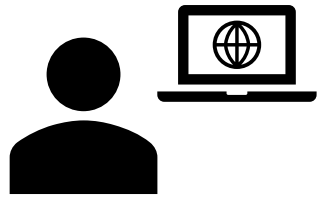
# “Tell users about logs that save location or IP addresses”



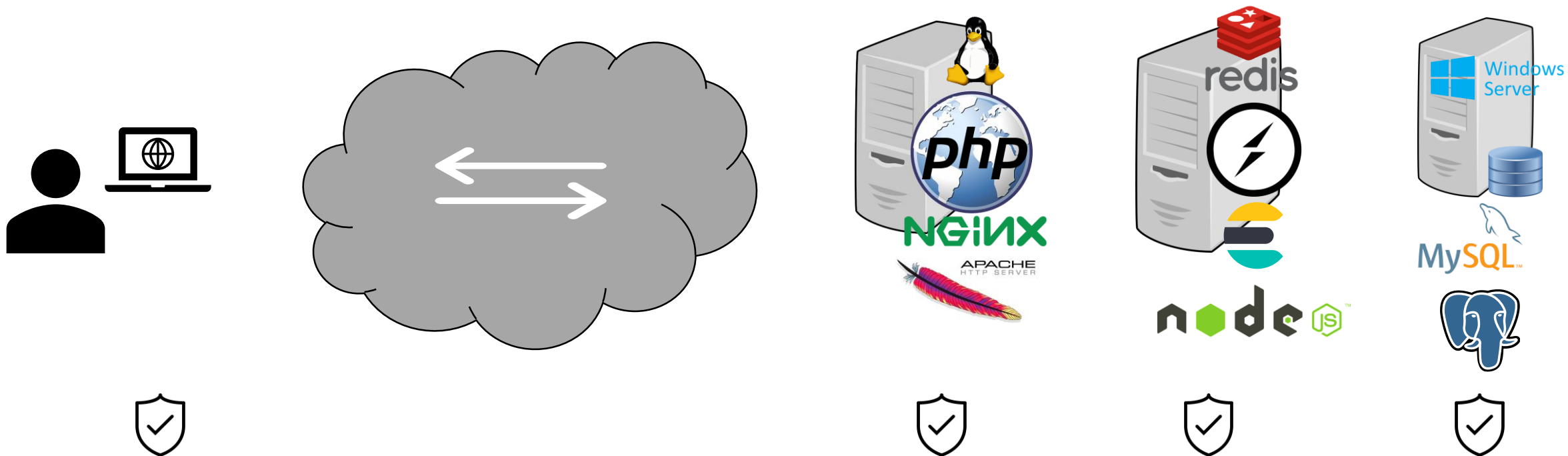
# “Create a *clear* and *easy-to-read* terms & conditions and *privacy policy*”



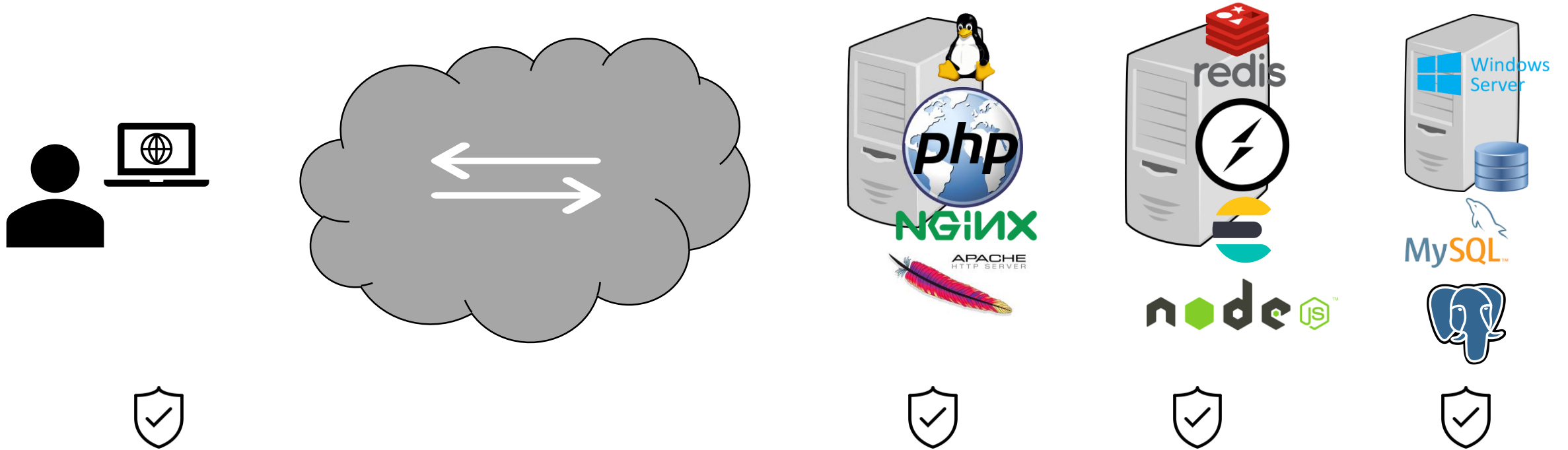
“Explicitly *inform users* about any *data sharing* with *3<sup>rd</sup> parties*”



# “Create *clear policies* for data breaches”



# “Delete data of users who cancel their service”





# Use *OAUTH / SSO* for data portability



# “Enforce *secure communications* through *HTTPS & HSTS*”



*“Encrypt all personal data and inform users about it”*



# *“Encrypt personal data from ‘web forms’ and inform users about it”*



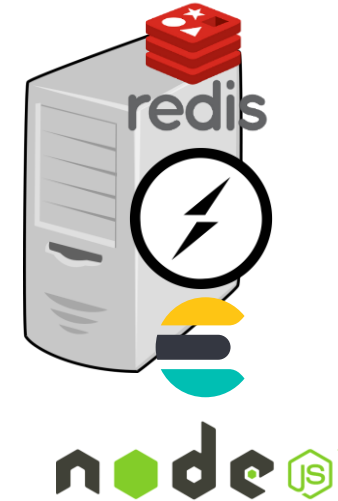
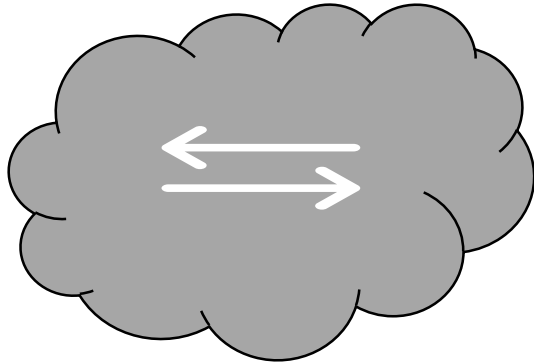
*“Store logs in a safe place,  
preferably encrypted”*



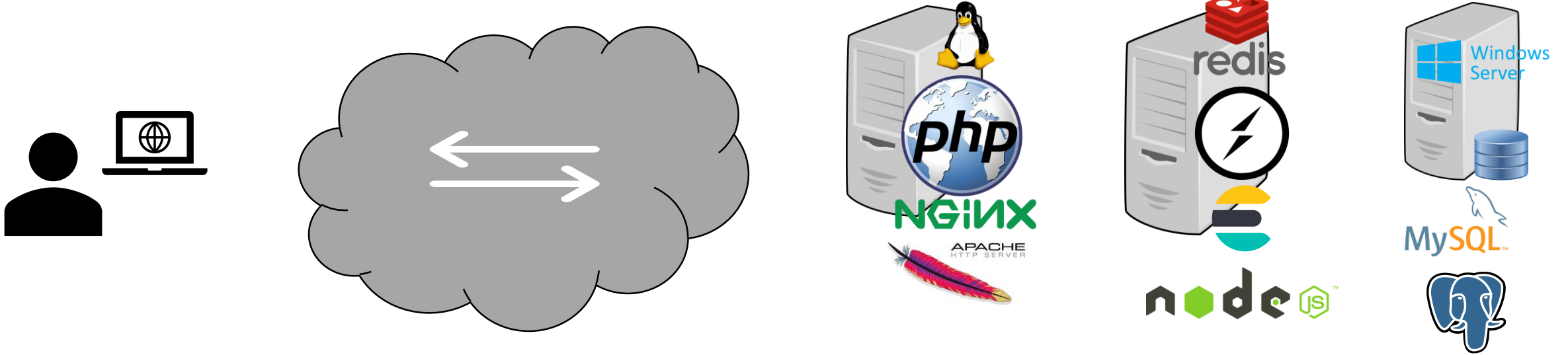
# “Replace Security Questions with 2-Factor authentication”



# “Patch web vulnerabilities asap”

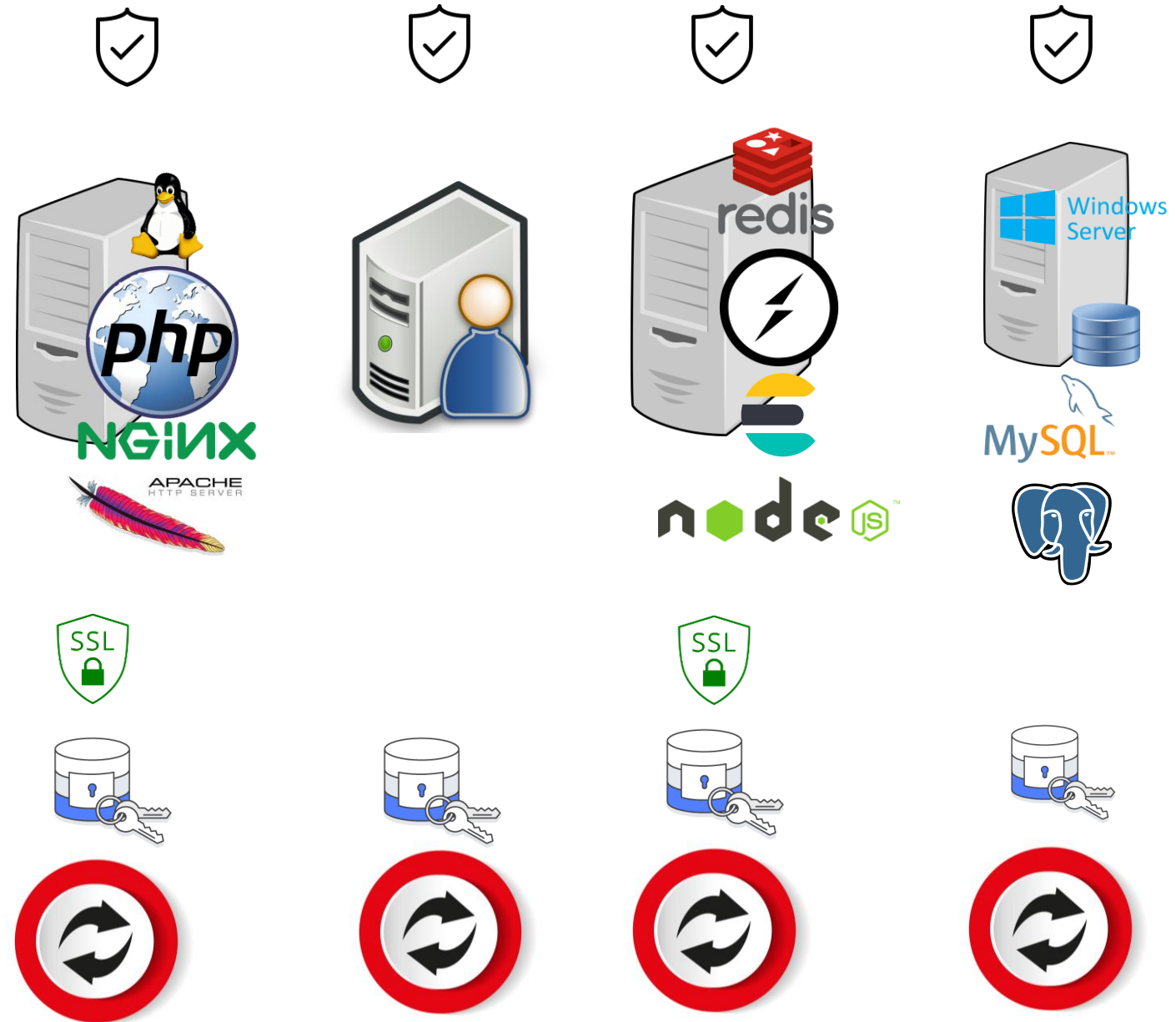
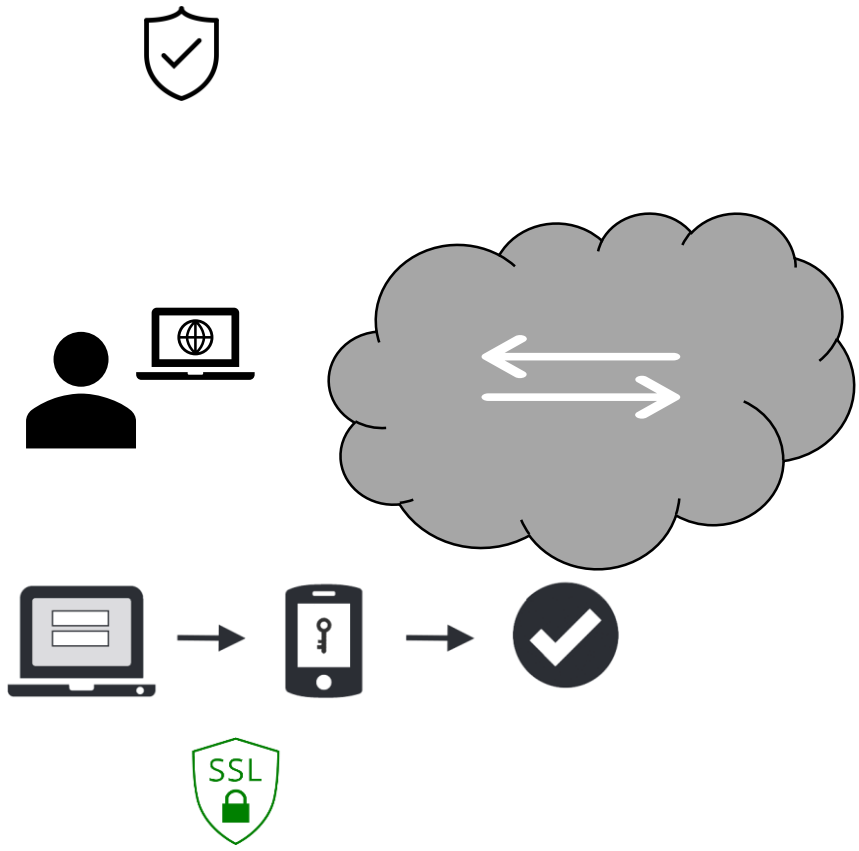


We must move from this setup...

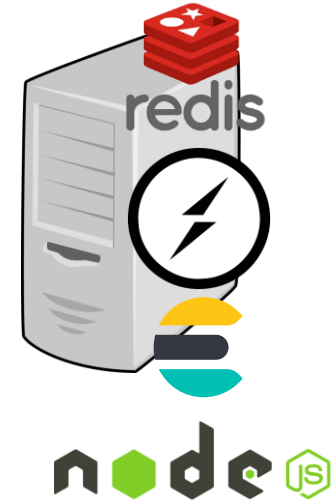
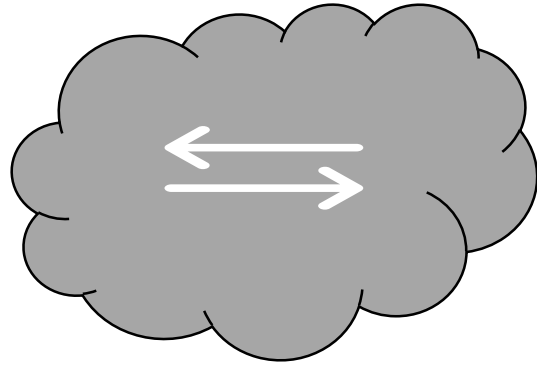
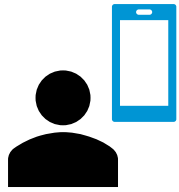




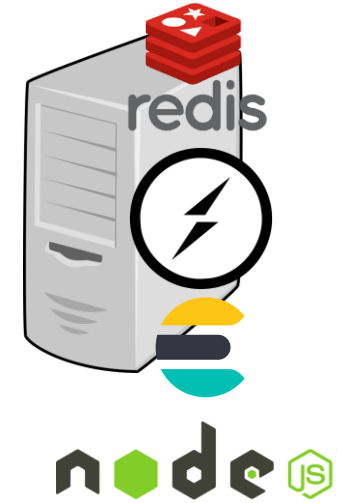
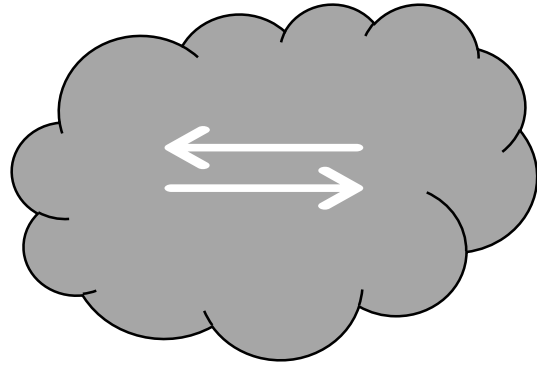
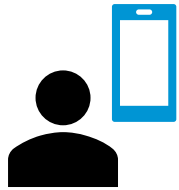
# To this setup...



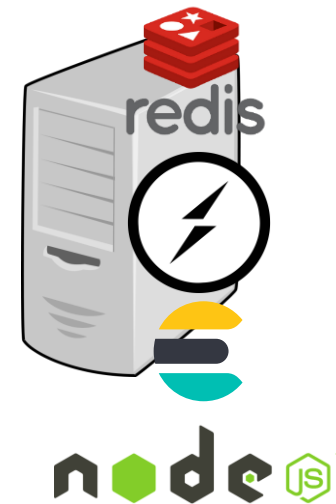
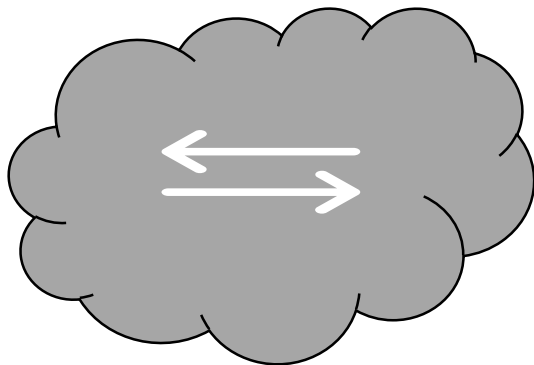
**Then, we add Mobile Apps**



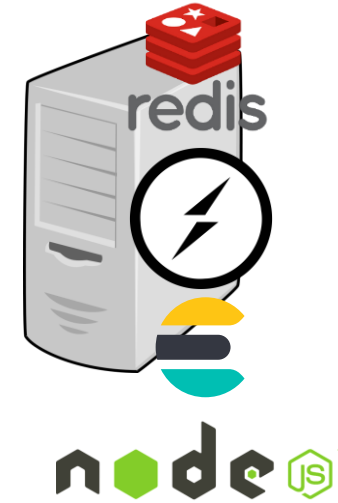
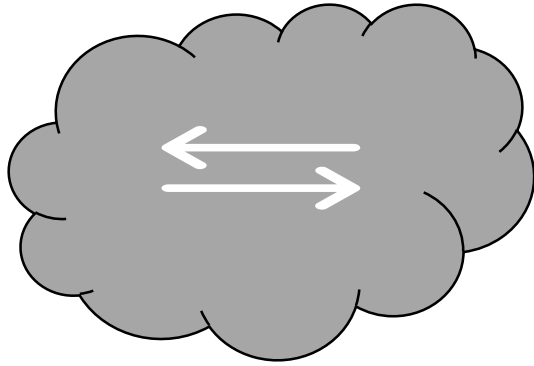
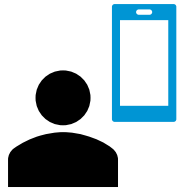
# *Ask for permissions on first need and only when needed*



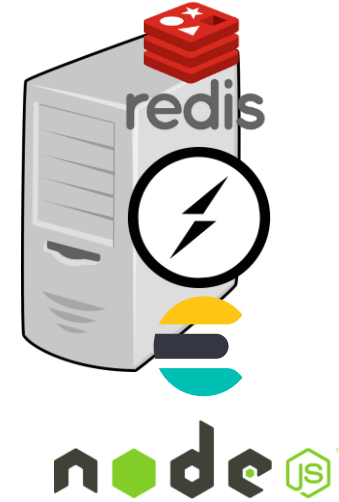
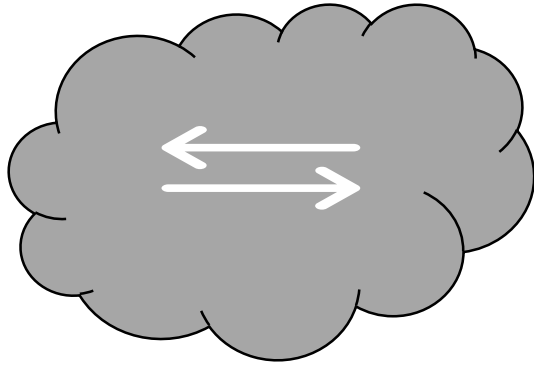
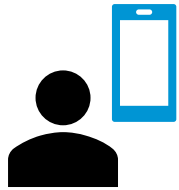
# Don't store secrets in application code



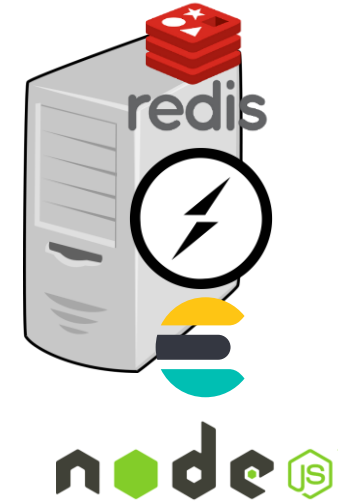
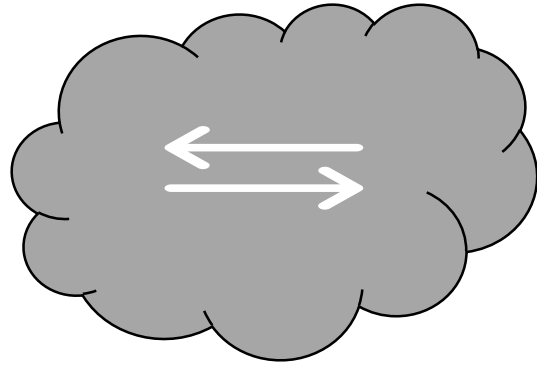
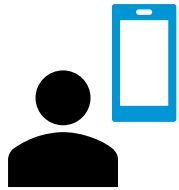
# Check authenticity of SSL Certificates



# Use & enforce secure session tokens

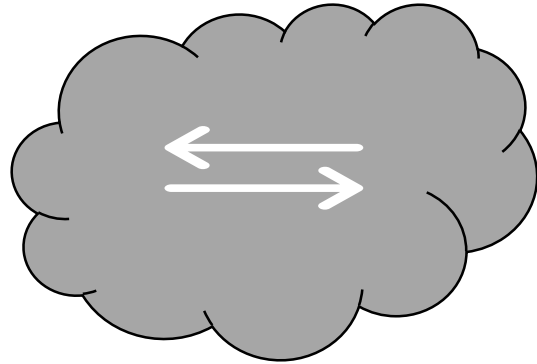


# Use time stamps to avoid replay attacks



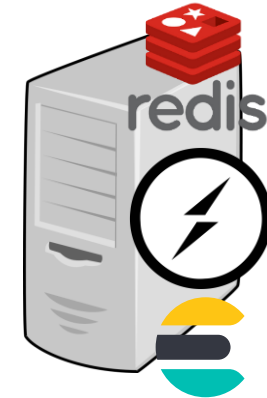


# Encrypt data on local phone storage



NGINX

APACHE  
HTTP SERVER



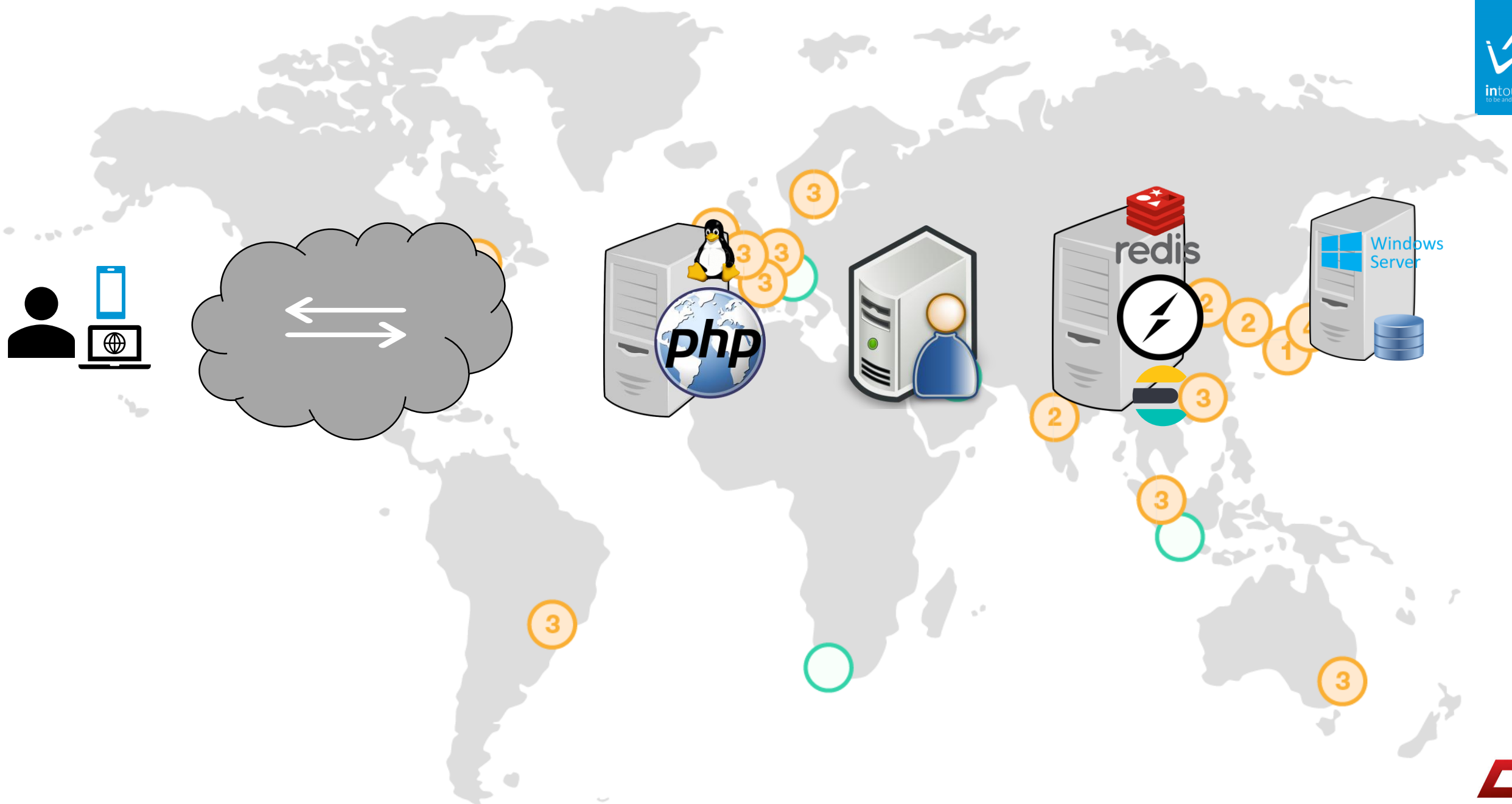
node JS



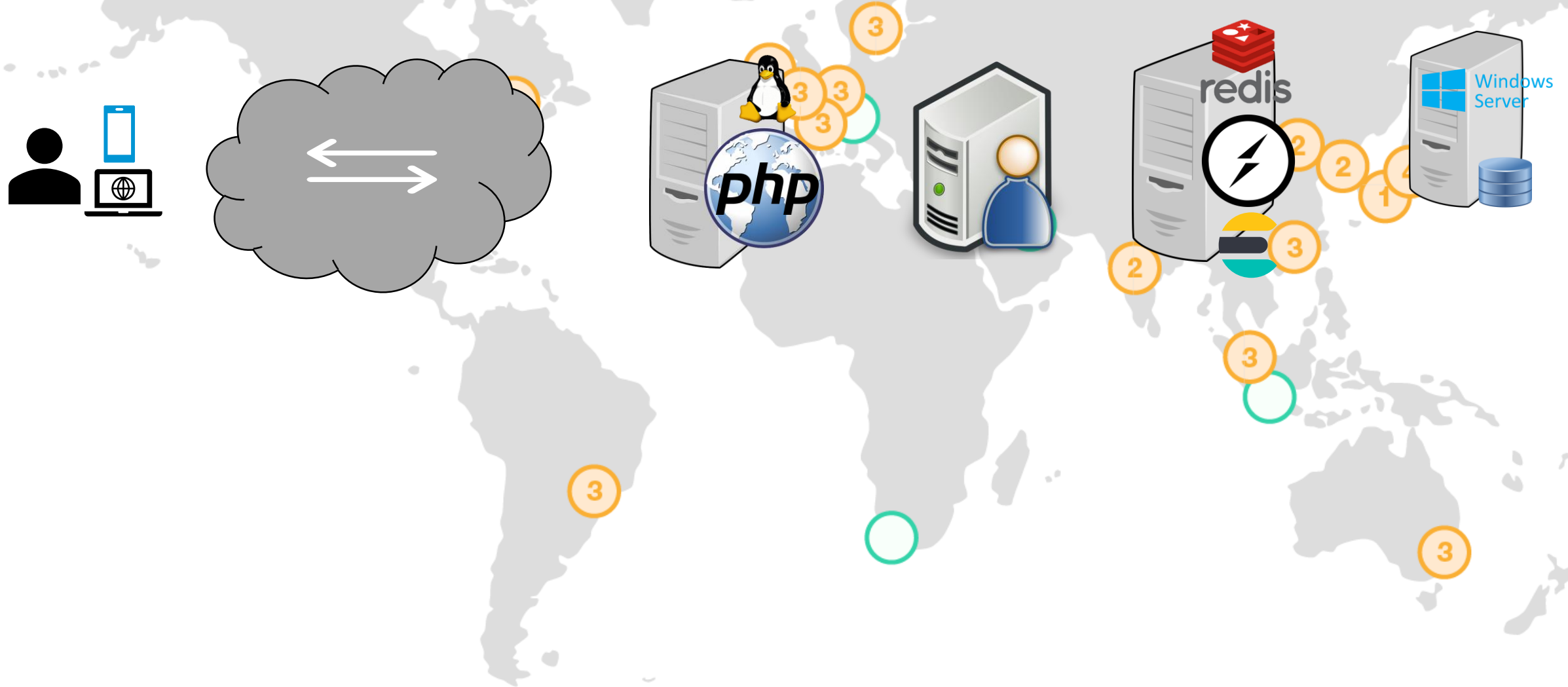
MySQL



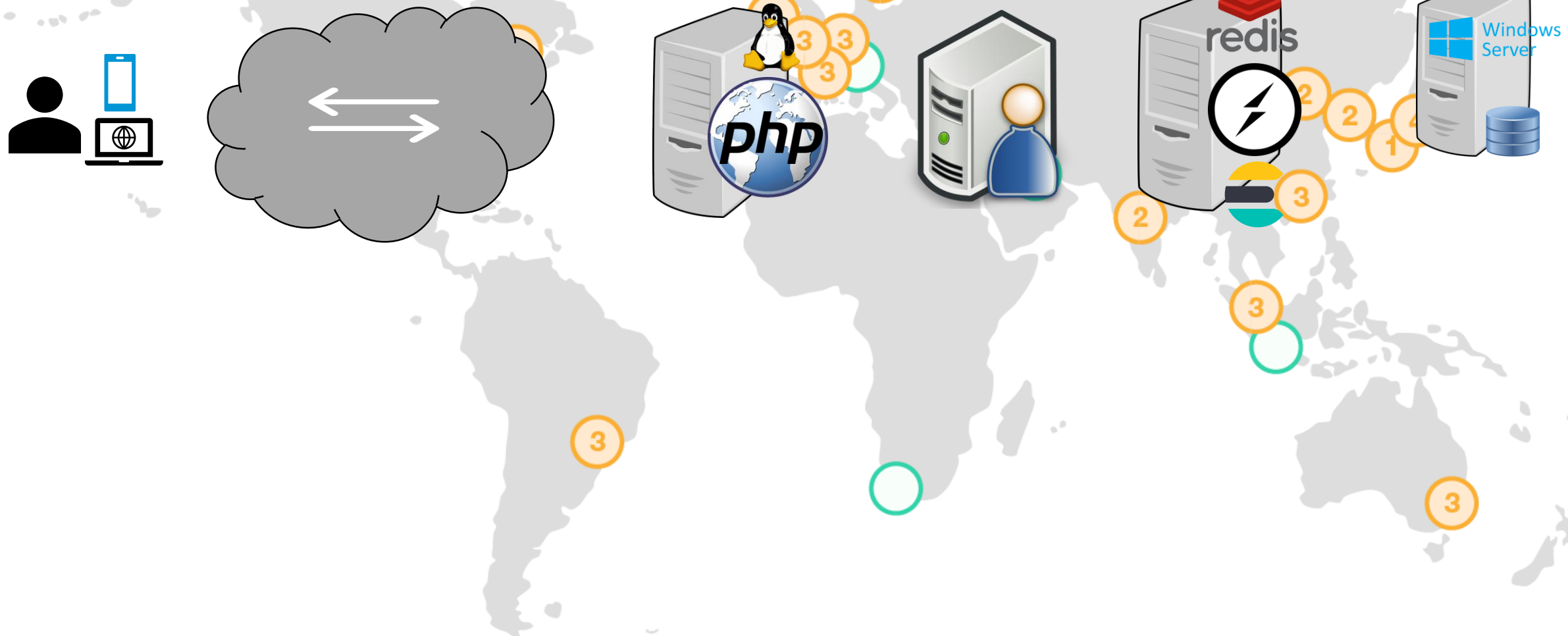
**Then, we go On Cloud**



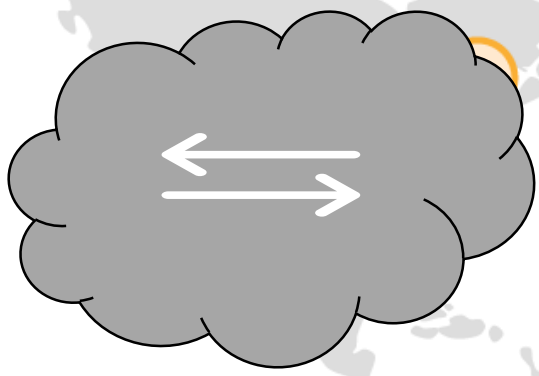
# Be careful with cloud instance locations



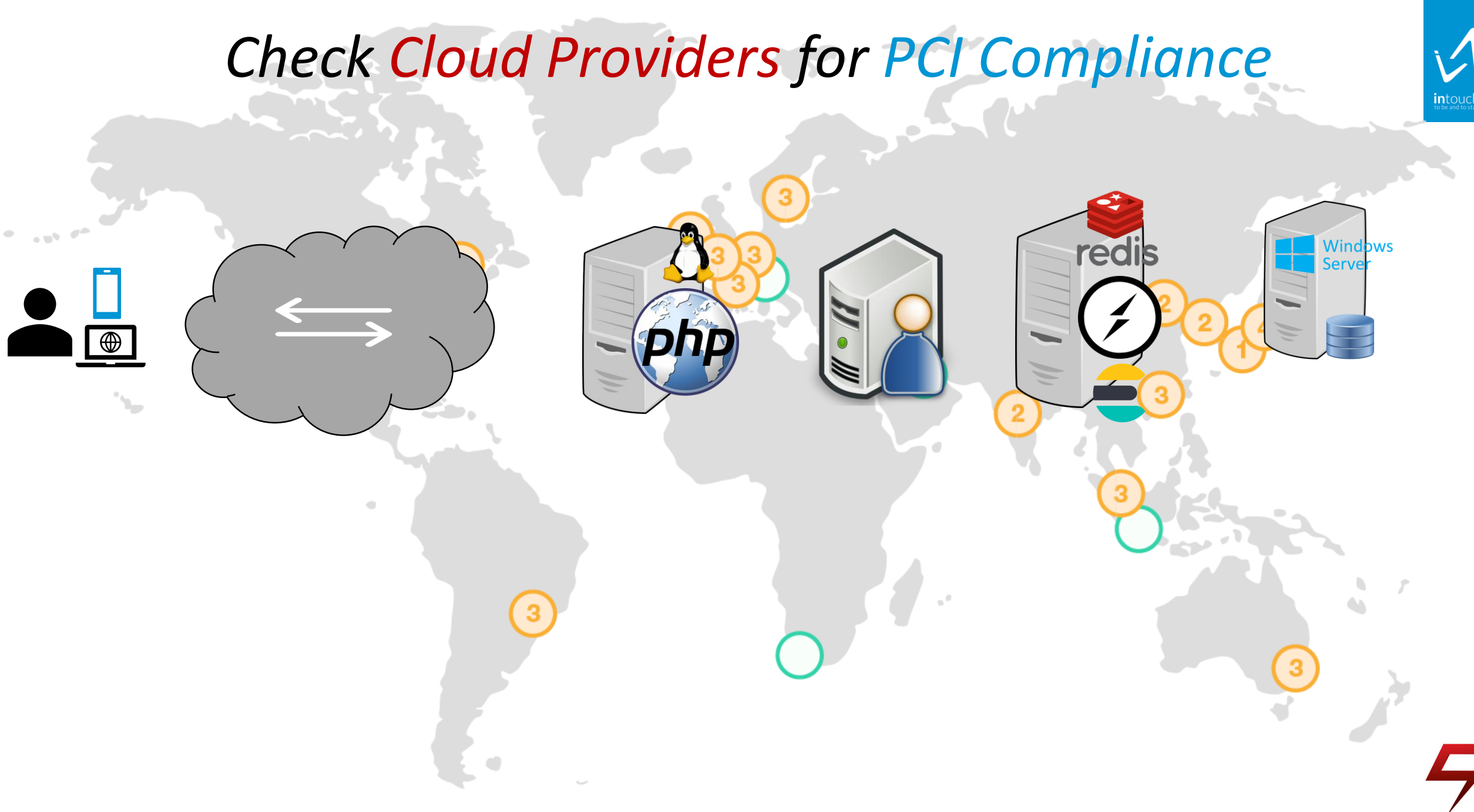
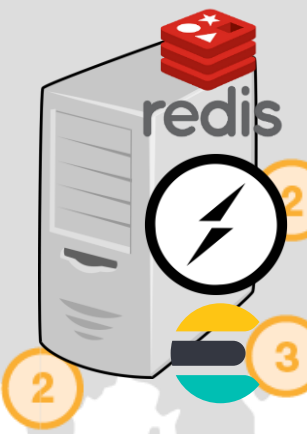
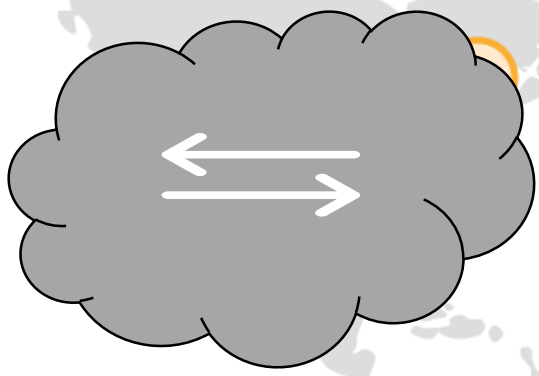
# Wipe Out data before Dumping Instances



# Use *Private & Hybrid* clouds for *sensitive data*



# Check *Cloud Providers* for *PCI Compliance*



***In conclusion...***



**It is NOT hard**  
**It is just delicate**

**Build your checklist**  
**And Always Check it!**

we're always happy to help  
*get intouch with us today*



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